## St. John Lutheran Church

**Holy Land Tour** 

December 27, 2024 – January 7, 2025

#### Day 1 Friday, December 27, 2024

Depart DTW International Airport for your trip to Israel.

#### Day 2 Saturday, December 28, 2024

Arrive in **Tel Aviv** and travel to your Hotel on the Mediterranean Sea.

Hotel- Leonardo Plaza Hotel, Netanya

#### Day 3 Sunday, December 29, 2024

The day begins at **Caesarea Maritima**. This important biblical seaport was built by Herod the Great around 22 BC in honor of Caesar Augustus. Herod spent 12 years building (using about 18,000 workers) on the site of an ancient Phoenician city. Philip the evangelist preached at Caesarea, Peter was sent there to minister to the Roman centurion Cornelius, and Herod Agrippa died at Caesarea. Caesarea was also prominent in the ministry of the Apostle Paul. He made Caesarea his port of call after both his second and third missionary journeys. (Acts 8:40; Acts 10:1, 24; 11:11; Acts 9:30, 18:22; 21:8)

Next, we travel to **Mt. Carmel**. This mountain is where the battle between Elijah and 850 false prophets took place. Mount Carmel was a place of worship to the false god Baal. (1 Kings 18:17-40)

We then head to **Nazareth**, which overlooks the Jezreel Valley and became important because it was the hometown of Jesus. Mary was here when an angel came to her and announced that she would be the mother of Jesus. Jesus preached His first recorded sermon in Nazareth. (Luke 1:26-38, 2:41-52; 4:16-30)

The last stop of the day is **Mount Arbel**. History and tradition point to Mount Arbel as the place where Jesus gave the Great Commission to go into all the world and preach the gospel. Mount Arbel is located on the west side of the Sea of Galilee and is the tallest mountain around the Sea of Galilee. (Matthew 28:16-20) Hotel- Ron Beach Hotel, Tiberias

#### Day 4 Monday, December 30, 2024

We travel north this morning to **Tel Dan**. This is where God appeared to Jeroboam and promised to bless him if he would serve Him. However, Jeroboam turned away from the Lord and built golden calves in Bethel and Dan. After a severe warning from God, Jeroboam continued the worship of false gods, and the sin of Jeroboam became a pattern that the rest of the kings of Israel would follow. In 722 BC, as judgment from God for their continual disobedience, the 10 northern tribes of Israel were deported by the Assyrian Empire. Today a replica of an altar is on display. (1 Kings 11:38; 1 Kings 12:25-31; 1 Kings 13:33–34; 1 Kings 15:33–34; 1 Kings 16:26)

Our next stop is **Caesarea Philippi**, the northernmost limit of Christ's ministry. It sits on the southern slopes of Mt. Hermon near the ancient city of Dan. Jesus brought His disciples to Caesarea Philippi to put into their heart and mind the truth of who He was and what the mission of the church would be over evil. It was in Caesarea Philippi that the apostle Peter confessed Jesus to be "the Christ, the Son of the living God". (Matt. 16:13–20; Mark 8:27–30; Luke 9:18-22)

Our next stop is **Capernaum**. Jesus moved to this special town, located on the Sea of Galilee, after being rejected in Nazareth. Jesus used Capernaum as His ministry base. He taught at the synagogue at Capernaum and healed Peter's mother-in-law here. He also healed the centurion's servant, the paralytic man who was let down through the roof, and raised Jairus's daughter from the dead. (Matthew 4:12-17; Mark 1:21-34, 5:21-43; Luke 5:17-26, 7:1-10)

We end the day with a **Sea of Galilee Boat Ride** and a visit to the **Jesus Boat Museum**. The Sea of Galilee is referred to in Scripture by names like Ginnosar, Lake of Gennesar, Gennesaret, Sea of Chinnereth, Kinneret, and Sea of Tiberias. Many of Jesus' miracles were done around the Sea of Galilee. The two most famous are when He calmed the storm while on the sea and when He walked on water to meet up with His disciples. (Numbers 34:11; Matthew 4:18-22, 23-27, 14:22-33; Luke 5:1; John 21:1) Hotel- Ron Beach Hotel, Tiberias

## Day 5 Tuesday, December 31, 2024

We leave the hotel early, heading south, and stop at **Bet Shean**, which had been inhabited for over 5,000 years. It was known as Scythopolis and was mentioned in B.C. Egyptian documents. During excavations, 18 different cities have been unearthed that were built upon its ruins. The Philistines nailed the body of King Saul here after their victory at Mt. Gilboa (1 Samuel 31:8-12). The city was then captured during the days of King David. An earthquake in 749 A.D. destroyed the city leaving the ruins we see today. (Joshua 17:11, 16; Judges 1:27)

Continuing south, we have a short stop at **Qumran**, which sits on the northwestern side of the Dead Sea. The first of the Dead Sea Scrolls were discovered in one of the caves here in 1947 by young Bedouin Shepherds.

The next stop takes us to **Ein Gedi**, an oasis near the Dead Sea. It has an abundant supply of water and even a few falls along the way. It was at Ein Gedi where David hid in a cave while hiding from Saul. A few of the Psalms may have been composed by David here. (I Samuel 23:15-29; 24; Psalms 57; 142)

Our last stop of the day is at the **Dead Sea** to enjoy floating on the water. The Dead Sea (the "Salt Sea" as the Bible calls it) is 1400 feet below sea level and is the lowest point on the earth's surface. It is approximately 35 miles long and 11 miles wide. Sodom, Gomorrah, and other cities of the plain were located around this area. The area around the Dead Sea was lush and well-watered before God destroyed the area with fire & brimstone. (Genesis 13:10, Genesis 18 and 19) Hotel- David Resort & Spa, Dead Sea

## Day 6 Wednesday, January 1, 2025

Free day to enjoy the Dead Sea. Hotel- David Resort & Spa, Dead Sea

#### Day 7 Thursday, January 2, 2025

We start the day ascending to the top of **Masada**. The name Masada means "stronghold" and was a fortress and palace built by King Herod. It sits atop a 1380 ft. mountain between the Judean Desert and the Dead Sea. The fortress was used by Jewish Zealots against the Romans, in which 960 zealots died by suicide, rather than be taken and enslaved by the Romans. Some of David's Psalms may have referred to this location. (1 Samuel 22:3-5; Psalm 18:2, 31:2-3, 71:1-3, 144:1-2)

Genesis Land Experience will be our stop for lunch before driving to Jerusalem. Genesis Land is situated in the heart of the Judean desert, in the land where the Patriarchs lived. You will experience life as it was in biblical times, ride a camel, and enjoy a delicious meal.

Next, we drive to the **Mt. of Olives** for a panoramic view of Jerusalem. The Mt. of Olives not only is the mountain with the Garden of Gethsemane, but it also is the place where Jesus preached the Olivet Discourse, and where He ascended to heaven. (Matthew 24 and 25; Acts 1: 6-12)

We walk down from the Mt. of Olives to the **Garden of Gethsemane**. Gethsemane means "oil press". It is here where Jesus would frequently go to pray with His disciples. Jesus was in Gethsemane when He was arrested the night before He was crucified. (Matthew 26:30-56; Mark 14:32-52; Luke 22:39-53; John 18:1-11) Hotel- Ambassador Hotel, Jerusalem

#### Day 8 Friday, January 3, 2025

The day begins at the **Jerusalem Archaeological Park**. Included in the park are the remains of the Second Temple Period of Jerusalem. The site includes the Southern Wall of the Temple Mount, the stairs to the Hulda Gate, the remains of Robinson's Arch, ritual baths used by migrants, and a Herodian Street.

We then walk to the **City of David** and visit **Hezekiah's Tunnel** and the **Pool of Siloam**. Hezekiah's Tunnel is believed to date back to the reign of King Hezekiah of Judah. The tunnel is 583 yards long and is an engineering marvel considering the lack of tools they had. The pool is fed by waters from the Gihon Spring, located in the Kidron Valley. According to the Gospel of John, it was at the Pool of Siloam where Jesus healed the blind man. (2 Kings 20:20; 2 Chronicles 32:1-5, 30; John 9:1–11) Hotel- Ambassador Hotel, Jerusalem

### Day 9 Saturday, January 4, 2025

Our first stop is the **Pool of Bethesda** and the **Church of St. Anne**. Bethesda means "House of Mercy". It was at this pool in John 5:1-15, that Jesus healed a paralytic man who had suffered for 38 years.

We continue through the streets of the Old City of Jerusalem walking the path of the **Via Dolorosa**, which means "The Painful Path or The Way of Suffering." It's the route Jesus walked as he went from His trial before Pilate, at Antonia's Fortress, to His crucifixion at Golgotha. The Via Dolorosa has 14 stations honoring the events that took place as Christ made His way to Golgotha to be crucified. (Luke 23:13-56)

The **Church of the Holy Sepulcher** is the last stop on the Via Dolorosa. This church is within the walls of the Old City of Jerusalem. Some of the denominations that share this property are Greek Orthodox, Roman Catholic, and Armenian Apostolic. Their traditions hold that two holy sites are here, where Jesus was crucified and Jesus' empty tomb.

Our next stop of the day is at the **House of Caiaphas**. This house, located on Mount Zion, is said to have been the place where Jesus stood trial before Caiaphas, the High Priest, and where Peter denied knowing Jesus. Today, it is marked with the **Church of St. Peter**. The church was built between 1928-1932 in the form of a cross. (Matthew 26:69–75; Matthew 27:1–2)

We next take a walk on Jerusalem's walls from above, which allows a spectacular panoramic view of the city and its sites. The **Ramparts Walk** is divided into two routes. The northern route follows the walls around the Christian and Muslim Quarters, and the southern route follows the Armenian and Jewish Quarters.

This afternoon will be spent in **Bethlehem** and a visit to the **Shepherds Field**. Bethlehem means "house of bread". It is the shepherds' field, that is believed to be the birthplace of Jesus. Also, this is the birthplace of King David, and where he was a shepherd tending his father's flocks. Samuel the prophet of Israel anointed David in Bethlehem. (Luke 2:1-7; I Samuel 16:1-13, 17:34-37) Hotel- Ambassador Hotel, Jerusalem

# Day 10 Sunday, January 5, 2025

Today begins at the **Western Wall** and underground **Western Wall Tunnel Tour**. The First ("Solomon's) Temple was destroyed by the Babylonians in 586 BC. When the Second Temple was destroyed by the Romans in 70 AD, part of the western side of the Temple Mount Platform survived. For hundreds of years prior to 1967, people prayed in the small area of the wall that could be seen at that time. However, in 1967, following the Six-Day War, Israelis excavated below the ground level of the wall and found two more stone rows. They then cleared the area around the wall to create the Western Wall Plaza that is seen today.

We then go up to the **Temple Mount**. The Temple Mount has played a major role in most of Israel's history in the Old and New Testament, starting with Abraham. The first temple was built by King Solomon and destroyed

by Babylon in 586 BC. The temple was rebuilt by Zerubbabel in 535 BC and later enlarged by King Herod in 19 BC. (Genesis 22:1-19; 2 Chronicles 3:1; Matthew 21:12; Mark 13:2)

The **Israel Museum** is our next stop. The Israel Museum is ranked among the world's leading art and archaeology museums. The Museum houses works dating from prehistory to the present day. Features include the most extensive holdings of biblical and Holy Land archaeology in the world. Among the highlights of the museum is the **Shrine of the Book**. The Shrine houses the Dead Sea Scrolls, the oldest biblical manuscripts in the world, as well as rare early medieval biblical manuscripts. Adjacent to the Shrine is the **Model of Jerusalem** in the Second Temple Period, which reconstructs the topography and architectural character of the city as it was prior to its destruction by the Romans in 66 CE.

The day ends with a visit to **Yad Vashem**, Israel's official memorial to the victims of the Holocaust begins our day. It is dedicated to preserving the memory of the Jews who were murdered; echoing the stories of the survivors; honoring Jews who fought against Nazi oppressors, and Gentiles who selflessly aided Jews in need. <u>Hotel</u>- Ambassador Hotel, Jerusalem

## Day 11 Monday, January 6, 2025

The day begins at **Golgotha** and the **Garden Tomb**. This garden is owned by a non-denominational, British charity. Although it cannot officially be claimed as the place where Jesus was crucified and buried, it does fit with historical and biblical accounts. Location matters little, what does matter is that Jesus died for our sins and that He is risen! (Matthew 27:32-66; Mark 15:21-47; Luke 23-24; John 19:16-42; 20:1-18)

Next, we go to the Friends of Zion Museum, a once in a lifetime experience. It presents a technologically advanced and interactive experience that tells the stories of Jews and non-Jews who together realized the dream of a Jewish national home.

Enjoy a free afternoon exploring the Old City of Jerusalem on your own before the farewell dinner. Hotel- Ambassador Hotel, Jerusalem

#### Day 12, Tuesday, January 7, 2025

Depart the hotel for the airport for our early morning flight home.