

NXT Ministry Holy Land Tour

July 8 – 17, 2025

Day 1 Tuesday, July 8, 2025

Depart MSP International Airport for your trip to Israel.

Day 2 Wednesday, July 9, 2025

Arrive in **Tel Aviv** and travel to your Hotel on the Mediterranean Sea.

Hotel- Seasons Hotel, Netanya

Day 3 Thursday, July 10, 2025

The day begins at **Caesarea Maritima**. This important biblical seaport was built by Herod the Great around 22 BC in honor of Caesar Augustus. Herod spent 12 years building on the site of an ancient Phoenician city. Philip the evangelist preached at Caesarea, Peter was sent there to minister to the Roman centurion Cornelius, and Herod Agrippa died at Caesarea. Caesarea was also prominent in the ministry of the Apostle Paul.

(Acts 8:40; Acts 10:1, 24; 11:11; Acts 9:30, 18:22; 21:8)

Next, we travel to **Mt. Carmel**. This mountain is where the battle between Elijah and 850 false prophets took place. Mount Carmel was a place of worship to the false god Baal. (1 Kings 18:17-40)

Next, we travel to the **Mount of Beatitudes**. This is the area where Jesus delivered the Sermon on the Mount. A Byzantine church was erected here in the 4th century and was used until the 7th century. Its ruins have been discovered just a little downhill from the present church there today. The current Church of the Beatitudes is an octagonal building representing the eight Beatitudes. (Matthew 5-7; Luke 6:17-49)

Our next stop is **Capernaum**. Jesus moved to this special town, located on the Sea of Galilee, after being rejected in Nazareth. Jesus used Capernaum as His ministry base. He taught at the synagogue at Capernaum and healed Peter's mother-in-law here. He also healed the centurion's servant, the paralytic man who was let down through the roof, and raised Jairus's daughter from the dead. (Matthew 4:12-17; Mark 1:21-34, 5:21-43; Luke 5:17-26, 7:1-10)

A short drive takes us to **Magdala**. In 2009, archaeologists found a First Century synagogue. Inside the synagogue, they found the Magdala Stone. Mary Magdalene was from here and Jesus would have visited and taught in the synagogue. (Matthew 15:39; Luke 8:1-3)

Hotel- Ron Beach Hotel

Day 4 Friday, July 11, 2025

We head north to **Tel Dan**. This is where God appeared to Jeroboam and promised to bless him if he would serve Him. However, Jeroboam turned away from the Lord and built golden calves in Bethel and Dan. After a severe warning from God, Jeroboam continued the worship of false gods, and the sin of Jeroboam became a pattern that the rest of the kings of Israel would follow. In 722 BC, as judgment from God for their continual disobedience, the 10 northern tribes of Israel were deported by the Assyrian Empire. (1 Kings 11:38; 1 Kings 12:25-31; 1 Kings 13:33-34; 1 Kings 15:33-34; 1 Kings 16:26)

We then have a short drive to **Caesarea Philippi**, the northernmost limit of Christ's ministry. It sits on the southern slopes of Mt. Hermon near the ancient city of Dan. Jesus brought His disciples to Caesarea Philippi to put into their heart and mind the truth of who He was and what the mission of the church would be over evil. It was in Caesarea Philippi that the apostle Peter confessed Jesus to be "the Christ, the Son of the living God". (Matt. 16:13-20; Mark 8:27-30; Luke 9:18-22)

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We end the day **rafting down the Jordan River!**

Hotel- Ron Beach Hotel

Day 5 Saturday, July 12, 2025

We start the day with a **Sea of Galilee Boat Ride** and a visit to the **Jesus Boat Museum**. The Sea of Galilee is referred to in Scripture by names like Ginnosar, Lake of Gennesar, Gennesaret, Sea of Chinnereth, Kinneret, and Sea of Tiberias. Many of Jesus' miracles were done around the Sea of Galilee. The two most famous are when He calmed the storm while on the sea and when He walked on water to meet up with His disciples. (Numbers 34:11; Matthew 4:18-22, 23-27, 14:22-33; Luke 5:1; John 21:1)

Leaving Tiberias, we stop at the **Jordan River** for those who desire to be baptized. Jordan means "go down". The river flows from Mount Hermon to the Sea of Galilee and then down to the Dead Sea. The river is mentioned several times in both the Old and New Testaments. John the Baptist baptized Jesus in the Jordan River. Matthew 3:1-17; Mark 1:4-8; John 1:28-34

Our last stop of the day is at the **Dead Sea** to enjoy floating on the water. The Dead Sea (the "Salt Sea" as the Bible calls it) is 1400 feet below sea level and is the lowest point on the earth's surface. It is approximately 35 miles long and 11 miles wide. Sodom, Gomorrah, and other cities of the plain were located around this area. The area around the Dead Sea was lush and well-watered before God destroyed the area with fire & brimstone. (Genesis 13:10, Genesis 18 and 19)

Hotel- David Resort & Spa, Dead Sea

Day 6 Sunday, July 13, 2025

We start the day ascending to the top of **Masada**. The name Masada means "stronghold" and was a fortress and palace built by King Herod. It sits atop a 1380 ft. mountain between the Judean Desert and the Dead Sea. The fortress was used by Jewish Zealots against the Romans, in which 960 zealots died by suicide, rather than be taken and enslaved by the Romans. Some of David's Psalms may have referred to this location. (1 Samuel 22:3-5; Psalm 18:2, 31:2-3, 71:1-3, 144:1-2)

The next stop takes us to **Ein Gedi**, an oasis near the Dead Sea. It has an abundant supply of water and even a few falls along the way. It was at Ein Gedi where David hid in a cave while hiding from Saul. A few of the Psalms may have been composed by David here. (1 Samuel 23:15-29; 24; Psalms 57; 142)

Genesis Land Lunch Experience will end our day before driving to Jerusalem. Genesis Land is situated in the heart of the Judean desert, in the land where the Patriarchs lived. You will experience life as it was in biblical times, ride a camel, and enjoy a delicious meal.

We then drive to **Jerusalem** for the remainder of the tour.

Hotel- Grand Court Hotel, Jerusalem

Day 7 Monday, July 14, 2025

We visit **Yad Vashem** this morning, Israel's official memorial to the victims of the Holocaust begins our day. It is dedicated to preserving the memory of the Jews who were murdered; echoing the stories of the survivors; honoring Jews who fought against their Nazi oppressors, and Gentiles who selflessly aided Jews in need.

Next, we drive to the **Mt. of Olives** for a panoramic view of Jerusalem. The Mt. of Olives not only is the mountain with the Garden of Gethsemane, but it also is the place where Jesus preached the Olivet Discourse, and where He ascended to heaven. (Matthew 24 and 25; Acts 1: 6-12)

We walk down from the Mt. of Olives to the **Garden of Gethsemane**. Gethsemane means "oil press". It is here where Jesus would frequently go to pray with His disciples. Jesus was in Gethsemane when He was arrested the night before He was crucified. (Matthew 26:30-56; Mark 14:32-52; Luke 22:39-53; John 18:1-11)

Our next stop is the **House of Caiaphas**. This house, located on Mount Zion, is said to have been the place where Jesus stood trial before Caiaphas, the High Priest, and where Peter denied knowing Jesus. Today, it is

marked with the **Church of St. Peter**. The church was built between 1928-1932 in the form of a cross. (Matthew 26:69–75; Matthew 27:1–2)

To end the day, we stop at the **Upper Room**. Jesus ate the Passover with His disciples in the Upper Room which is the likely place Christ appeared to His disciples after His resurrection. (Luke 22:7–13; John 20:19-29)
Hotel- Grand Court Hotel, Jerusalem

Day 8 Tuesday, July 15, 2025

We start the day at the **Temple Mount**. The Temple Mount has played a major role in most of Israel's history in the Old and New Testament, starting with Abraham. The first temple was built by King Solomon and destroyed by Babylon in 586 BC. The temple was rebuilt by Zerubbabel in 535 BC and later enlarged by King Herod in 19 BC. (Genesis 22:1-19; 2 Chronicles 3:1; Matthew 21:12; Mark 13:2)

Pray at the **Western Wall**. The First ("Solomon's) Temple was destroyed by the Babylonians in 586 BC. When the Second Temple was destroyed by the Romans in 70 AD, part of the western side of the Temple Mount Platform survived. For hundreds of years prior to 1967, people prayed in the small area of the wall that could be seen at that time. However, in 1967, following the Six-Day War, Israelis excavated below the ground level of the wall and found two more stone rows. They then cleared the area around the wall to create the Western Wall Plaza that is seen today.

We next take a walk on Jerusalem's walls from above, which allows a spectacular panoramic view of the city and its sites. The **Ramparts Walk** is divided into two routes. The northern route follows the walls around the Christian and Muslim Quarters, and the southern route follows the Armenian and Jewish Quarters.

This afternoon will be spent in **Bethlehem** and a visit to the **Shepherds Field**. Bethlehem means "house of bread". It is the shepherds' field, that is believed to be the birthplace of Jesus. Also, this is the birthplace of King David, and where he was a shepherd tending his father's flocks. Samuel the prophet of Israel anointed David in Bethlehem. (Luke 2:1-7; I Samuel 16:1-13, 17:34-37)

Hotel- Grand Court Hotel, Jerusalem

Day 9 Wednesday, July 16, 2025

The **Israel Museum** is our first stop. The Israel Museum is ranked among the world's leading art and archaeology museums. The Museum houses works dating from prehistory to the present day. Features include the most extensive holdings of biblical and Holy Land archaeology in the world. Among the highlights of the museum is the **Shrine of the Book**. The Shrine houses the Dead Sea Scrolls, the oldest biblical manuscripts in the world, as well as rare early medieval biblical manuscripts. Adjacent to the Shrine is the **Model of Jerusalem** in the Second Temple Period, which reconstructs the topography and architectural character of the city as it was prior to its destruction by the Romans in 66 CE.

We then head to the Jewish Market to experience the sights and sounds of this vibrant gathering.

The day ends with a drive to the **Valley of Elah**. This area is where the young shepherd boy David fought against Goliath and defeated him with only a sling and a stone. (1 Samuel 17)

Hotel- Grand Court Hotel, Jerusalem

Day 10 Thursday, July 17, 2025

The day begins at the **Jerusalem Archaeological Park**. Included in the park are the remains of the Second Temple Period of Jerusalem. The site includes the Southern Wall of the Temple Mount, the stairs to the Hulda Gate, the remains of Robinson's Arch, ritual baths used by migrants, and a Herodian Street.

We then drive to the **City of David** and visit **Hezekiah's Tunnel** and the **Pool of Siloam**. Hezekiah's Tunnel is believed to date back to the reign of King Hezekiah of Judah. The tunnel is 583 yards long and is an engineering

marvel considering the lack of tools they had. The pool is fed by waters from the Gihon Spring, located in the Kidron Valley. According to the Gospel of John, it was at the Pool of Siloam where Jesus healed the blind man. (2 Kings 20:20; 2 Chronicles 32:1-5, 30; John 9:1-11)

Hotel- Grand Court Hotel, Jerusalem

Day 11 Friday, July 18, 2025

The day starts underground with the **Western Wall Tunnel Tour**.

Our next stop is the **Pool of Bethesda** and the **Church of St. Anne**. Bethesda means “House of Mercy”. It was at this pool in John 5:1-15, that Jesus healed a paralytic man who had suffered for 38 years.

We continue through the streets of the Old City of Jerusalem walking the path of the **Via Dolorosa**, which means “The Painful Path or The Way of Suffering.” It’s the route Jesus walked as he went from His trial before Pilate, at Antonia’s Fortress, to His crucifixion at Golgotha. The Via Dolorosa has 14 stations honoring the events that took place as Christ made His way to Golgotha to be crucified. (Luke 23:13-56)

The **Church of the Holy Sepulcher** is the last stop on the Via Dolorosa. This church is within the walls of the Old City of Jerusalem. Some of the denominations that share this property are Greek Orthodox, Roman Catholic, and Armenian Apostolic. Their traditions hold that two holy sites are here, where Jesus was crucified and Jesus’ empty tomb.

We then go to the **Antonia Fortress**. It is here that Herod built it to protect the Temple and he named it for his patron, Mark Antony. The fortress was one of the last strongholds of the Jews in the Siege of Jerusalem when the Second Temple was destroyed. Many Christians believe that the vicinity of the Antonia Fortress was the site of Pontius Pilate’s praetorium, where Jesus was tried for high treason. (Matthew 27:1, 2, 11-14; Mark 15:1-5; Luke 23:1-5; John 18:28-38; John 19:13)

The tour ends at **Golgotha** and the **Garden Tomb**. This garden is owned by a non-denominational, British charity. Although it cannot officially be claimed as the place where Jesus was crucified and buried, it does fit with historical and biblical accounts. Location matters little, what does matter is that Jesus died for our sins and that He is risen! (Matthew 27:32-66; Mark 15:21-47; Luke 23-24; John 19:16-42; 20:1-18)

Hotel- Grand Court Hotel, Jerusalem

Day 12, Saturday, July 19, 2025

Depart the hotel for the airport for our early morning flight home.